



**OXFORD
International
College**

A NORD ANGLIA EDUCATION SCHOOL

ONLINE SAFETY POLICY

POLICY INTENDED FOR:	Staff and Students
CATEGORY:	Safeguarding
POLICY IMPLEMENTED BY:	Principal, all staff
REVIEWED BY:	Head of IT, UK Vice Principal - DSL
REVIEW DATE:	July 2024
FUTURE REVIEW:	July 2025

The Three Pillars

The three pillars of Oxford International College (OIC) are:

- Academic Excellence
- Personal Development
- Career and University Pathways

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INTRODUCTION

Writing and reviewing

This policy takes into account guidance from the DfE including KCSIE (September 2022), the General Data Protection Regulations and Data Protection Act 2018, ISI, ISBA and other appropriate organisations. It will be reviewed annually and is published on our school website; further copies are available to parents and students on request.

Why a policy?

The internet and internet-enabled devices are vital tools for modern education; they are an essential part of everyday life for academic work and social interaction both in and out of school. We therefore have a duty to provide students with quality internet access as part of their learning experience. We also have a responsibility to ensure that, from a young age and as part of their broader education, students understand the inherent risks, and learn how to evaluate online information and how to take care of their own safety and security in the digital world as well as use internet enabled devices in a safe and sensible manner. Internet use at Oxford International College (OIC) is intended to enhance and enrich teaching and learning, to raise educational standards and promote student achievement, to develop initiative and independent learning by providing access to information and alternative viewpoints, to stimulate imagination and intellectual curiosity, and to support the professional work of staff and enhance the school's management functions. For boarders, and in particular international boarders, the internet and mobile devices are a crucial means of keeping in touch with home and family.

Policy Aims

- To enable students to take full advantage of the educational opportunities provided by e-communication;
- To ensure that, as a school, we work to develop in students the appropriate behaviours and critical thinking skills necessary to enable them to remain both safe and within the law when using the internet and related technologies, both in and beyond the classroom;
- To inform and educate students as to what constitutes appropriate and inappropriate internet usage;
- To inform and educate students as to what constitutes appropriate and inappropriate device usage;
- To safeguard students from potentially harmful and inappropriate online material, including extremist material and ideology, by ensuring that appropriate filtering and monitoring systems are in place;
- To protect students from cyberbullying and abuse of any kind derived from e-sources;
- To help students to understand the range of risks inherent in the digital world – including identity theft, bullying, harassment, grooming, stalking and abuse – and to take responsibility for their own online safety;
- To inform and educate students what to do if they come across inappropriate material or are concerned about online activity;

- To ensure that the copying and subsequent use of internet-derived materials by students complies with copyright law;
- To clarify the roles and responsibilities of students in these respects; and
- To help protect the interests and safety of the whole school community and to provide guidance on how, as a school, we will deal with any infringements.

SCOPE

This policy covers both fixed and mobile internet devices provided by the school (such as PCs, laptops, tablets, electronic whiteboards, webcams, digital video equipment, etc) as well as all devices owned by students and brought onto school premises (such as personal laptops, tablets, smart phones, etc). The text of this policy refers to the following school policies. All are available from the school website or from the school upon request:

- Anti-bullying policy
- Data protection policy
- Behaviour, rules, rewards and sanctions policy
- Safeguarding and promoting the welfare of children.

DEFINITIONS

1. For the purposes of this policy 'devices' encompasses mobile/smart phones, laptops, tablets and any/all IT equipment able to access the internet.
2. **Cyberbullying** can be defined as 'the use of information and communication technologies to support deliberate, repeated, and hostile behaviour by an individual or group that is intended to harm others" (Belsey, <http://www.cyberbullying.org/>). It is an aggressive, intentional act carried out repeatedly over time, often against a victim who cannot easily defend himself/ herself. Cyberbullying may involve communications by various electronic media, for example:
 - Texts, instant messages or calls on mobile devices;
 - The use of mobile device camera images to cause distress, fear or humiliation;
 - Posting threatening, abusive, offensive or humiliating material or comments on websites (including blogs, personal websites and social networking sites such as Facebook, Instagram, Twitter, YouTube, etc);
 - Using email to message others in a threatening or abusive manner; or
 - Hijacking/ cloning email accounts.
3. **Online Safety** means limiting the risks to which students are exposed when using the internet and associated technologies, so that all such technologies are used safely and securely and with a clear understanding of the range of potential risks that could be inherent in their use.

GUIDELINES

Application

The OIC Online Safety policy applies to day students and boarders. It is interpreted and applied age-appropriately.

Responsibility for Online Safety at OIC

E-safety falls within the broader context of Safeguarding, and issues relating to e-safety at OIC are therefore the responsibility of the Designated Safeguarding Lead, who will work closely with colleagues such as the Head of IT (UK), the Head of Boarding and the members of staff who have designated roles in respect of safeguarding and child protection.

For further details see the school's policy for Safeguarding and Promoting the Welfare of Children, available from the school website.

Student responsibility

Protecting hardware (e.g., by filters and firewalls) and the vigilance of teachers and parents have an important part to play in safeguarding and protecting students both at school and at home. However, young people have wide ranging access to the internet, so the most effective form of protection ultimately lies in the good sense of young people and in their exercising judgement guided by a well-informed understanding of what is available to them and of the risks to which they are potentially exposed.

For this reason, we work on the basis that students must be responsible for their actions, conduct and behaviour when using the internet, much as they are responsible during classes or at other times in the school day.

Use of technology should be safe, responsible and legal. Any misuse of the internet, inside or outside of school, will be dealt with under the school's Behaviour policy or, where relevant, the school's Safeguarding policy.

Sanctions will also be applied to any student found to be responsible for any material on his or her own or another website, for example Facebook, that would constitute a breach of school rules in any other context.

Filtering and monitoring

The internet has become a significant component of a number of key safeguarding issues including pornography, child sexual exploitation and predation and radicalisation. Schools have a duty and a responsibility to limit children's exposure to such risks on their IT systems.

As part of this process, we have in place a filtering and monitoring system designed to comply with the latest government guidance. The Head of IT (UK) is responsible for configuring the firewall, the IT filtering system, the real-time tool 'Impero' that tracks inappropriate phrasing and Smoothwall Moderated Monitor

Service which tracks inappropriate / concerning behaviour. The system is applied in an age-appropriate way and, in line with the guidance in KCSIE, September 2022, with the aim of ensuring that it does not, through 'over blocking', lead to unreasonable restrictions being imposed on what students can be taught with regards to online teaching and safeguarding. Smoothwall alerts the DSL and the Principal to any activity of concern from an individual using a device on the school network.

Bullying

Students must not use their own or the school's devices and technology to bully others either inside or outside the confines of school buildings. Bullying incidents involving the use of technology will be dealt with under the school's Anti-bullying policy.

If a student thinks s/he or another student has been bullied in this way, they should talk to a member of staff about it as soon as possible.

Abuse

If there is a suggestion that a student is at risk of abuse from his or her involvement in any form of online activity, including the risk of radicalisation and being drawn to extremist organisations of ideology, the matter will be dealt with under the school's Safeguarding policy.

If any student is worried about something that they have seen on the internet or in a social media context, they must report it to a member of staff about it as soon as possible.

Sanctions imposed by the school

- Breaches of regulations will be dealt with according to the procedures in the school's Behaviour policy.
- Bullying in any form, including cyberbullying, is wholly unacceptable at OIC. Any instances of cyberbullying will be taken very seriously and dealt with thoroughly and appropriately in accordance with the school's Anti-bullying and Behaviour policies.
- In such cases, the Principal will apply any sanction that is deemed appropriate and proportionate to the breach including, in the most serious cases, asking a student to leave the school. Misuse may also lead to confiscation of equipment in accordance with the school's Behaviour policy.
- Where there is reasonable cause to suspect that a child is suffering, or is likely to suffer, significant harm as a result of bullying in any form, including cyberbullying, then the matter will be treated as a safeguarding issue and referred to children's social care or the police as set out in both the school's Anti-bullying and Safeguarding policies, available from the school website.

PRINCIPLES AND ACCEPTABLE USE OF THE INTERNET AT OIC

Password security

Students have individual logins to access the school network, Office365 (including Teams and OneNote), SharePoint and OneDrive. It is important that students understand and respect the need for complete password security.

All students should:

- use a strong password, which will need to be changed at regular intervals when prompted by the system;
- not write their passwords down;
- strictly never share passwords with anyone else.

Monitoring and usage

Users should be aware that the school can track and record the sites visited and any searches made on the internet by individual users.

We advise parents that we provide filtered access to the internet for students, but with emerging and constantly changing technologies, there is no absolute guarantee that a student will not be able to access material that would be considered unsuitable. The chance of just coming across such content is highly unlikely, but it obviously increases in direct proportion to the amount of time and effort an individual puts into their search.

Any student inadvertently coming into contact with such material must contact a member of staff immediately.

When using the internet, all users are expected to comply with all laws and government regulations concerning copyright, libel, fraud, data protection, discrimination and obscenity.

Any attempt to access material which promotes extremism or radicalisation will be taken very seriously and dealt with immediately as set out in the section on 'Preventing radicalisation' in the school's Safeguarding policy.

All staff are expected to communicate with students in a professional manner consistent with the guidelines set out in the Code of Conduct for staff at OIC (included in our Safeguarding policy).

Access to the internet in school is given to students on the understanding that they will use it in a considerate and responsible manner. It may be withdrawn if acceptable standards of use are not maintained.

Online activities which are not permitted in school include:

- sending, sharing or in any other way putting online any content that is racist, discriminatory, pornographic, conducive to extremism, violence or radicalisation, or in any sense offensive to any other person or group of people, including but not limited to protected characteristics under the Equality Act 2010, or likely to bring the school into disrepute;
- retrieving, sending, copying or displaying offensive messages or pictures, including sexting and so-called nude selfies;
- using obscene, racist or otherwise discriminatory language;
- harassing, insulting or attacking others;
- accessing, or attempt to access, material that promotes extremism and or terrorist activity or organisations, pornography or any other form of harmful, inappropriate or illegal content;
- copying, saving or redistributing copyright-protected material without approval;
- subscribing to any services or ordering any goods or services unless specifically approved;
- using another user's password or account;
- trespassing in another user's folders, work or files;
- playing computer games unless specifically approved by the school;
- publishing, sharing or distributing any personal information about any other user such as home address, email address, telephone number, photographs etc);
- using internet chat rooms;
- live streaming for any purpose other than to speak with family and friends (and, even in this case students should be careful not to share images or videos of other students)
- using the network in such a way that its use by other users is disrupted (for example: downloading large files during peak usage times; sending mass email messages);
- damaging computers, computer systems or computer networks;
- downloading and installing software or installing hardware onto a school computer, whether legitimately licensed or not;
- bypassing or attempt to bypass any of the school's security or monitoring systems;
- intentionally wasting limited resources, including printer ink and paper;
- using school computers or the internet for commercial purposes, financial gain, gambling, political purposes or advertising;
- using the school computer system or the internet for private purposes unless the Principal or other senior member of staff has given express permission for that use;
- any activity that violates a school rule.

Managing email

Email is the sine qua non of modern life and an immensely valuable tool for educational communication. However, it can also be a channel for cyberbullying, abuse and defamation. Spam, phishing and virus attachments can also make email dangerous. As a consequence:

- students may only use approved email accounts on school computers;
- students must notify a member of staff immediately if they receive offensive email;
- sending or replying to anonymous messages and chain letters is not permitted;
- students must not reveal personal details of themselves or others in email communication, or

- arrange to meet anyone not known to them without specific permission;
- social email use during the school day can interfere with learning and will be discouraged;
- email sent to external organisations should be written carefully and authorised before being sent, in the same way as a letter written on school headed paper;
- staff should use school email accounts to communicate with students, and such communications must always be professional in tone, content and motivation;
- staff and students should never click on links received by email unless they are absolutely certain they know where the email has originated from. In situations where they are unsure they should check with a senior member of staff or with the IT Department by forwarding the email in question to it.servicedesk@nordanglia.com ;
- students should keep their school email addresses safe.

Managing Microsoft Teams Chat

Like email, MS Teams Chat is an effective tool for educational communication. However, guidance is required around its safe use. As a consequence:

- students and staff may only use their OIC MS Teams accounts to message each other;
- students must notify a member of staff immediately if they receive a message from someone other than a member of staff or another student at OIC;
- all MS Chat correspondence must be conducted in English;
- if a communication received by MS Chat makes a student feel concerned or uncomfortable, the student must report it to a member of staff;
- the chat function can interfere with learning and should only be used during lessons with permission from the teachers, for purposes related to that specific lesson;
- staff may use MS Chat to communicate with students. As with all staff communications, they must always be professional in tone, content and motivation;
- students communicating with each other or with staff via MS chat should likewise ensure that their communications are appropriate;
- MS Teams Chat messages are monitored by Impero and Smoothwall (monitoring and filtering systems) and therefore the Principal and the DSL will be alerted to any messages which are inappropriate in content or in language used;
- the nature of the MS Chat function is such that communication is similar in nature to text messaging. However, staff are not expected to check MS Chat outside of their working hours. Students must communicate urgent messages to the appropriate people (e.g., to boarding staff outside of the teaching day, or via the DSL team) to ensure that they are received in a timely manner;
- the school (via DSL and Academic Director) will review the use of MS Teams chat on a regular basis to ensure that it is being used appropriately.

Managing social media and social networking sites

- Parents and teachers need to be aware that the internet has a host of online spaces and social networks which allow unmediated content to be published. Students should be encouraged to think about the ease of uploading personal information, the associated dangers and the difficulty

of removing an inappropriate image or information once published. Before students share anything online, they should ask themselves “Is the post kind? Is it true? And is it something I would be happy to be displayed on a large screen in front of the whole school?”

Managing mobile devices

The school has a separate Mobile Devices Policy for Students that is available from the school website or upon request from the school.

- Students are permitted to bring mobile devices onto school premises, but they remain the responsibility of their owners at all times. The school cannot be held responsible for any theft, loss of, or damage to such devices whilst on school premises.
- Students may wear smart watches on the understanding that they may be confiscated if proving a distraction in class.
- Students may not bring mobile phones or smart watches into examinations under any circumstances.
- Any student misuse of the internet through internet-enabled devices, such as downloading inappropriate or offensive materials or posting inappropriate comments on social networking sites, will be dealt with in accordance with the school’s Behaviour policy available from the [website](#).

Managing photography and video capture on school premises

- Use of photographic material to harass, intimidate, ridicule or bully other students or staff members will not be tolerated and will constitute a serious breach of discipline.
- Phones must not be used to take still photographs or videos of any person on school premises without their express permission. Even if such permission is obtained, they must under no circumstances be used to ridicule, harass, bully or abuse another person in any way.
- Indecent images taken and sent by mobile devices and other forms of technology (sometimes known as ‘Sexting’, “nudes” or “semi-nudes”) is strictly forbidden by the school and in some circumstances may be seen as an offence under the Protection of Children Act 1978 and the Criminal Justice Act 1988. Anyone found in possession of such images or sending them will be dealt with by school authorities. If a student thinks that they have been the subject of ‘sexting’, they should talk to a member of staff about it as soon as possible. This includes upskirting which is a criminal offence.
- The uploading onto social networking or video sharing sites (such as Facebook, YouTube, etc) of images which in the reasonable opinion of the school may be considered offensive or harmful is a serious breach of discipline and will be subject to disciplinary procedures whatever the source of the material. In this context it makes no difference whether the images were uploaded on a school computer or at a location outside of the school.
- Students, if requested, must allow staff reasonable access to material stored on phones and must delete images if requested to do so in any situation where there is any suspicion such images contravene school regulations. (Please see also the policy on Conducting a Search available from the website.)
- If the school has reasonable grounds to believe that a phone, camera, laptop or other device

contains images, text messages or other material that may constitute evidence of criminal activity, the school reserves the right to submit such devices to the police for examination.

- Such misuse of equipment will be dealt with according to the school Behaviour policy and may involve confiscation and/or removal of the privilege of bringing such devices into school premises on a temporary or permanent basis.

Managing other electronic equipment – e.g., laptops, PDAs and tablet computers

- Students are permitted to bring other electronic devices such as laptops, PDAs, tablet computers and mp3 players onto school premises with permission but they always remain the responsibility of their owners. They must always keep them with them or in a locked locker and they must ensure that they are appropriately made secure via passwords.
- The school cannot be held responsible for any theft loss of, or damage to, such phones suffered whilst at school.
- No electronic device should be misused in any way to bully, harass or intimidate another person whether through text or images. Any such abuse will be dealt with in accordance with the school's behaviour policy.
- No electronic device should contain inappropriate material such as violent or explicit videos or photographs, pornography or any material that could be considered offensive and / or inappropriate in a school context.
- **Anti-virus software** – all laptops should have appropriate anti-virus software that is regularly updated.
- **Network access** – students may not access the school's physical network from their laptop or any other mobile device without express permission from a member of staff. No student may use another's laptop without permission from that student.
- Students are able to connect to the school WiFi for the purposes of accessing school resources and educational tools as directed by their teachers. School WiFi should not be used for personal matters.
- **School Hardware** – students must not tamper with school computing hardware in any way. This includes detaching and attaching school keyboards and the mouse for personal use as this renders school equipment inoperable. This also includes unplugging school hardware from mains sockets.
- **Licensed software, distributing files/MP3s and Warez** – no computer programmes (executables), MP3s, pornography, copyrighted material or material encouraging radicalisation may be distributed over the network. This includes the sending of files via email, as well as setting up 'servers' on students' laptops and using them as a means of sharing software. Also, students should not download copyrighted material or non-shareware programs and should not be using their laptops to view films, images, or graphics which are deemed inappropriate.
- **'Chatting'** – students may not use any chat or collaboration program to communicate with others through the school's computer network unless a member of staff expressly permits them to do so. This includes the use of email during lessons.
- **Audio** – because computer audio can be distracting, the volume setting on laptops must generally be turned off when used during school time.
- **Games** – computer games must not be played in class, during study time, lunchtime sessions or in after school clubs unless part of a specified homework that is detailed in the student planner or on

Teams. These should be age appropriate and not contain offensive material in the form of images, sounds or graphics. These will be checked by a member of staff. Students will be asked to remove them if they are deemed inappropriate.

- **Privacy** – the school reserves the right to examine the hard drive on a student’s personal laptop if there is reasonable suspicion that a computer is being used for inappropriate or dishonourable purposes.
- **School owned laptops / netbooks** – these must only be used under the supervision of a member of staff and must only be used for educational purposes. The uploading of inappropriate material such as images, software and graphics is forbidden, and this includes the doctoring of screen savers and backgrounds.
- **Consequences** – students found in breach of these rules may have their internet privileges removed, the privilege of using their laptop, netbook, PDA or tablet PC at school removed either permanently or temporarily, and, depending on the seriousness of the breach, they may also have other sanctions imposed in accordance with school’s Behaviour policy.

Artificial Intelligence

- Artificial Intelligence (AI) is a developing field with far reaching potential both for good and ill in the field of education. AI is highly likely to play a significant role in the future of students’ lives and as such the school has elected to explore how AI can be used to the benefit of students and not limit staff or student access to AI tools (i.e., Chat GPT).
- AI tools are not typically blocked on the school’s network and students are allowed to make responsible use of such tools. However...
- AI tools can produce content that is biased, inaccurate or not up-to-date, and as such their output should not be relied upon without fact checking.
- Submitting work generated by AI tools and passing it off as your own is considered plagiarism and would be treated as such (see the Academic Misconduct policy).
- Appropriate uses of AI would include:
 1. generating exam style questions for self-assessment and exam practice;
 2. generating multiple choice questions for self-assessment;
 3. generating exemplar answers for developing exam technique and mark scheme understanding;
 4. generating adaptive questions for revision purposes;
 5. gaining feedback on the quality of English in written answers;
 6. research (but don’t forget to fact check);
 7. checking understanding of a concept.

RESPONSES TO CYBERBULLYING

- Please see the definition of cyberbullying given under ‘DEFINITIONS’ above.
- Many young people and adults find using the internet and mobile phones a positive and creative part of their everyday life. Unfortunately, technologies can also be used negatively. When children are the target of bullying via mobiles phones, gaming or the internet, they can often feel very alone, particularly if the adults around them do not understand cyberbullying and its effects. A once safe

and enjoyable environment or activity can become threatening, harmful and a source of anxiety.

- It is essential that students, staff and parents understand how cyberbullying is different from other forms of bullying, how it can affect people and how to respond and combat misuse. Promoting a culture of confident users will support innovation and safety.
- The DfE and Childnet have produced resources that can be used to give practical advice and guidance on cyberbullying. See: <https://www.childnet.com/resources/cyberbullying-guidance-for-schools>
- Cyberbullying (along with all forms of bullying) will not be tolerated at OIC, whether the bullying originates inside or outside school. Activities conducted outside of school premises and outside of school hours that in our opinion constitute cyberbullying will also be covered by this policy. Instances of cyberbullying will be dealt with according to the school's Anti-bullying policy or, where relevant, the school's Safeguarding policy, both available from the website. All incidents of cyberbullying reported to the school will be recorded on CPOMS.
- The school will take reasonable steps to identify the person(s) responsible for any instances of cyberbullying such as examining system logs, identifying and interviewing possible witnesses and contacting the service provider and the Police if necessary.
- Sanctions may include: Informing parents/guardians, the withdrawal of privileges, e.g., to bring a phone into school or to use the school internet facilities, the person(s) responsible being instructed to remove any material deemed to be inappropriate, temporary or permanent exclusion in the most serious cases, and the Police being contacted if a criminal offence is suspected.

EDUCATION AROUND E-SAFETY

It is important that the information in this policy is disseminated to and understood by all students and staff and also shared with parents and guardians. The ways by which this will be done include:

- Student induction
- IT lessons
- Personal Development (PD) lessons
- Assemblies
- Subject lessons
- Pastoral conversations (including Form times and meetings with Directors of Studies)
- Prompt follow-up in the case of any incidents
- Initiatives and discussions, e.g., Safer internet Awareness Day, Anti-bullying week
- Education around safeguarding and wellbeing
- Staff induction
- Ongoing staff training
- Opportunities for staff to seek advice from DSLs and IT team
- Webinars for parents and guardians

Sources:

Keeping Children Safe in Education (KCSIE), September 2022

'Preventing and tackling bullying - advice for headteachers, staff and governing bodies', July 2017

CEOP (Child Exploitation and Online Protection Centre www.ceop.police.uk)